The following table	gives the exports	of copper since	Confederation:
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$\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{ear}}$	Copper, fine. Copper		er, Ore.	Year ended	Copper, fine.		Copper, Ore.		
00.1 T	Quan-	Value.	Quan- tity.	Value.	30th June,	Quan- tity.	Value.	Quan- tity.	Value.
	Tons.	\$	Tons.	8		Tons.	\$ -	Tons.	s
1868 1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1878	145	21,062	9,513 5,227 3,123 4,461 2,588 3,148 2,300 2,230 1,313	$\begin{array}{c} 250,159 \\ 120,121 \\ 103,990 \\ 166,525 \end{array}$	1885. 1886. 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1896.	509 76 1,138 2,418 1,899	50,900 7,602 133,251 236,027 185,848 391,969 88,352 222,657		246,230 291,397 181,545 95,585 195,182 111,086 269,169 30,755 3,850 *
1880			5,883	150,799	1897.	5,065	550,462	*	*
1881	1	10.10	19,802	150,412	1898	6,963		*	*
1882 1883			44,744	139,245 $150,479$	1899 1900	4,235 6,914	922,979 1,387,388	*	*
1884			1,677	214,044	1901		2,659,651	*	*

^{*} Included in copper, fine.

The whole amount of copper exported in 1901 went to the United States.

NICKEL.

In 1883 the first discovery of a deposit of nickeliferous pyrrhotite was made while the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was making a cutting through a small hill near Sudbury, in the District of Algoma, Ontario. The ore, which contains on the average about 2·25 per cent of nickel, is roasted and smelted into a copper-nickel matte, the usual composition of which, from average analysis, is about as follows:—Copper, 26·91; nickel, 14·14; iron, 31·335; sulphur, 26·95; and cobalt, ·935. The matte is also said to contain some ounces of platinum to the ton. The amount of fine nickel in the matte produced at the Sudbury mines in 1889–1901 is given below.

ANNUAL PRODUCTION OF NICKEL IN MATTE.

Calendar Year.	Lbs.	Calendar Year.	Lbs.
1889	830,477 1,435,742 4,626,627 2,413,717 3,982,982 4,907,430 3,888,525	1896	3,397,118 3,997,647 5,517,690 5,744,000 7,080,227 9,189,047

^{*} Subject to revision.